

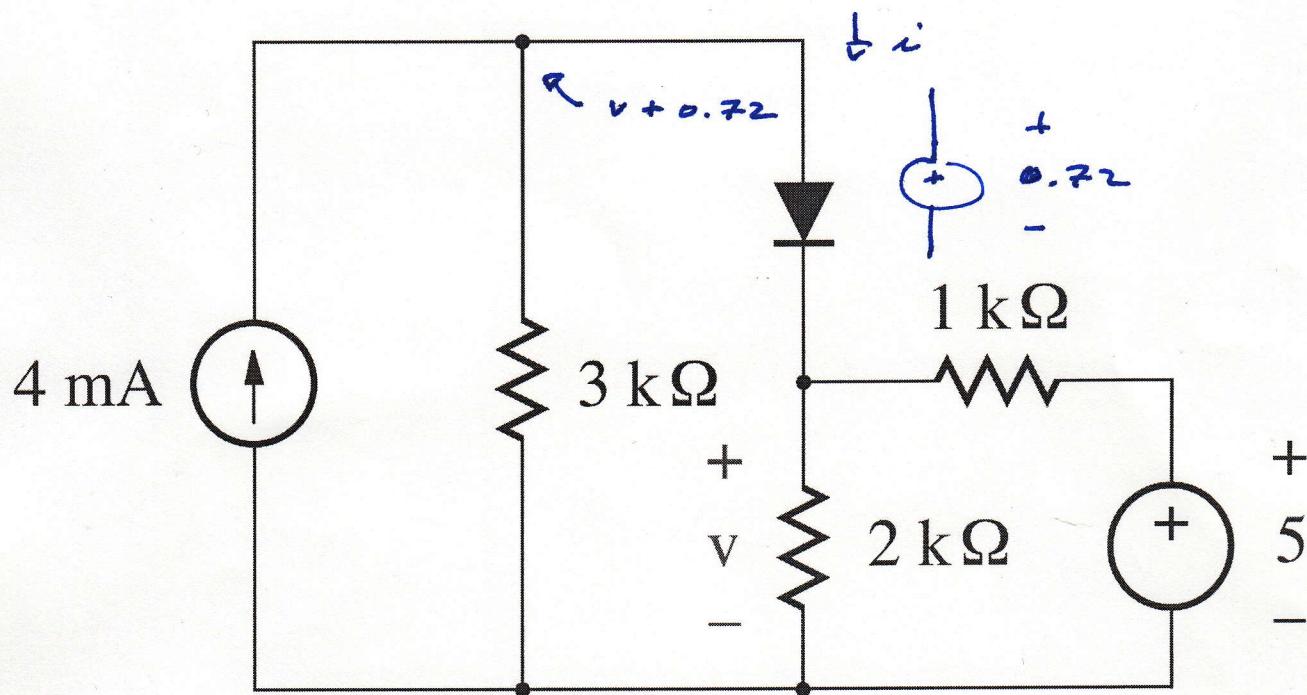
3.26

Diode is on.

a) zero order $\rightarrow \frac{1}{V} = \text{short circuit}$

$$4 + \frac{5-v}{1} = \frac{v}{3k\Omega}$$

$$9 - v = \frac{5v}{6} \rightarrow v = \frac{54}{11} = 4.909V$$



b) first order $\rightarrow \frac{1}{V} = \text{open circuit}$

$$i = 4 + \frac{v + 0.72}{2}$$

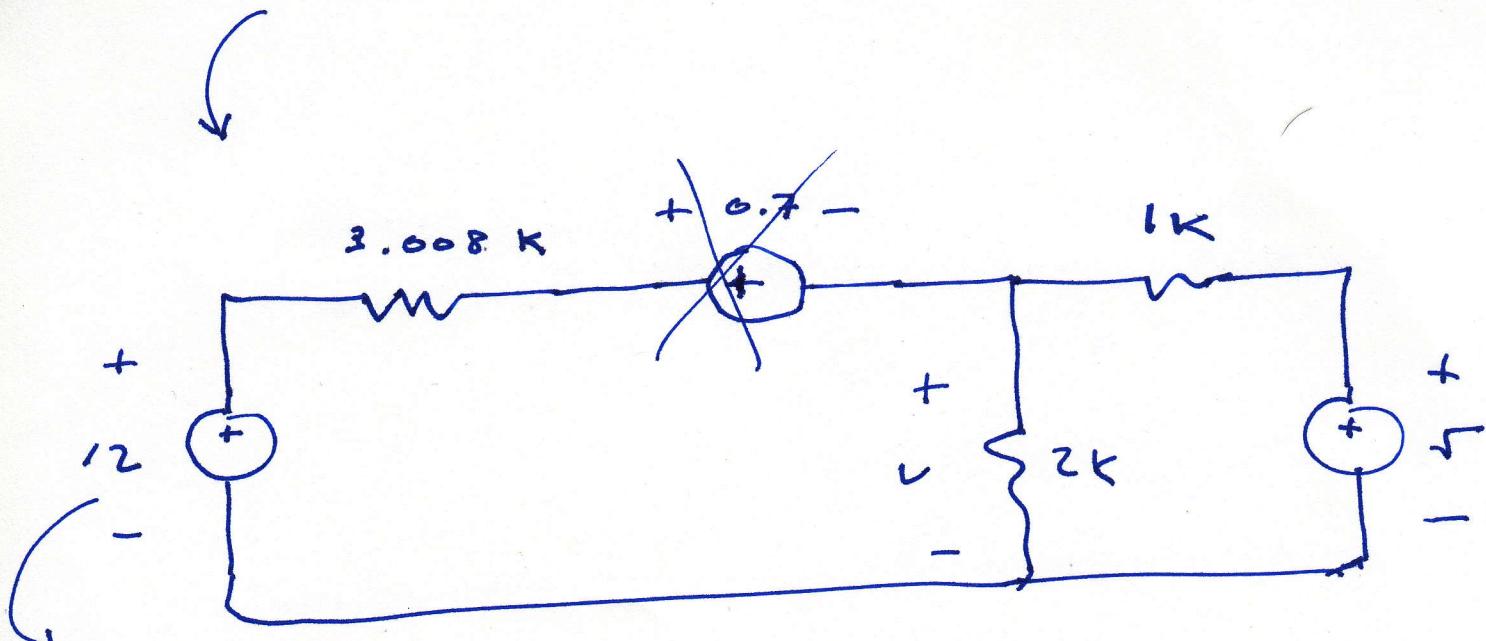
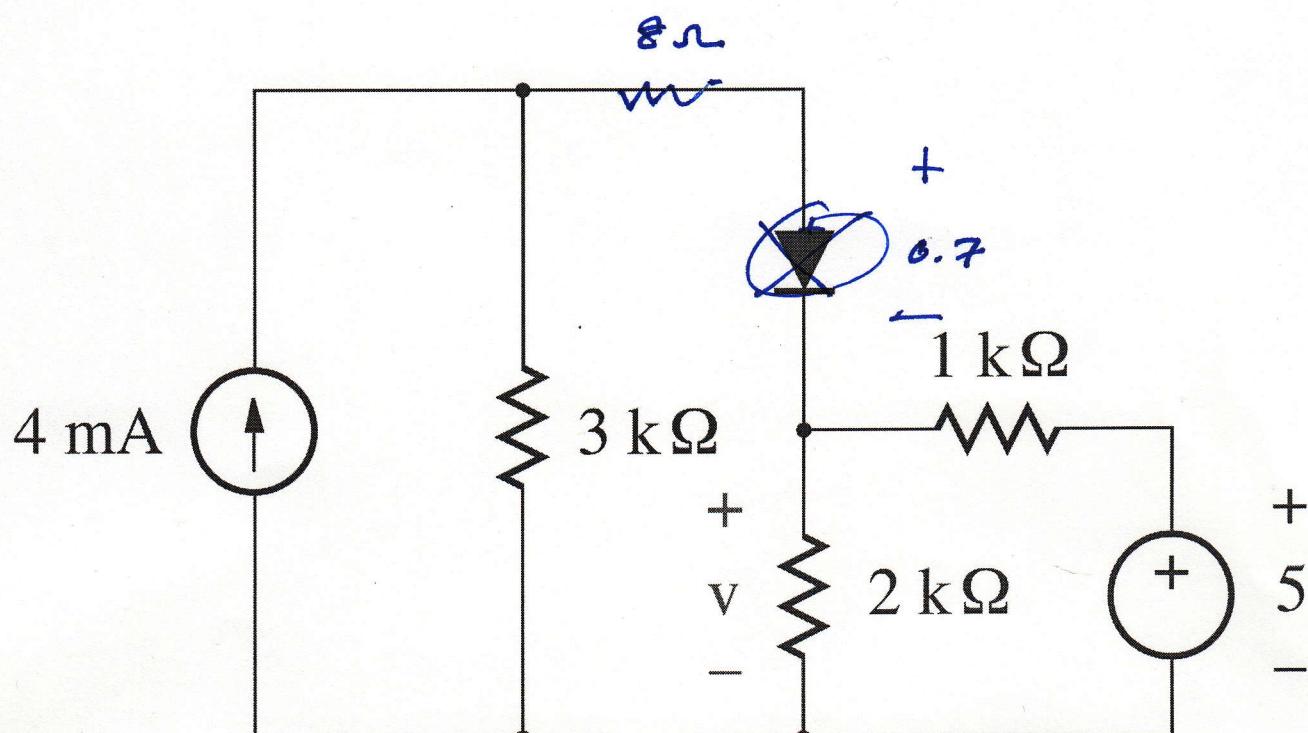
$$\rightarrow \frac{v}{2} = \frac{5-v}{1} + 4 - \frac{v + 0.72}{2}$$

$$\frac{11}{6}v = 9 - 0.24 \rightarrow v = 4.778V$$

7.26

$$\frac{11.3 - v}{2.008} + \frac{5 - v}{1} = \frac{v}{2}$$

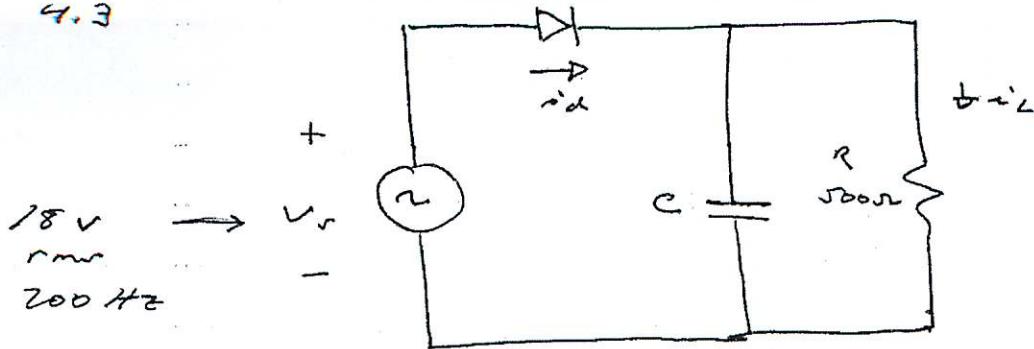
$$\rightarrow v = 4.780 \text{ V}$$



11.3 (combine voltage sources)

$$V_{\text{reverse}} = 0.6 \text{ V}$$

4.3



$$\text{a)} V_r(\text{max}) = 18\sqrt{2} = 25.5 \text{ V}$$

$$i_L(\text{max}) = 25.5 / 500 = 51 \text{ mA}$$

$$\text{b)} 1 - \frac{V_{\text{reverse}}}{V_{\text{max}}} = 0.976 = \cos \phi$$

$$\rightarrow \phi = 12.5^\circ = \omega \delta$$

$\underbrace{0.218 \text{ rad}}$ \uparrow
on time for diode

$$\delta = \frac{0.218 \text{ rad}}{200 \times 2\pi \text{ rad/s}} = 174 \text{ ms}$$

$$\text{c)} i_{\text{dc}}(\text{max}) = C V_{\text{max}} \omega \sin \phi$$

$$\frac{V_{\text{reverse}}}{V_{\text{max}}} = \frac{T}{\pi C}$$

$$C = \frac{T V_{\text{max}}}{\pi V_{\text{reverse}}} = \frac{1/200 \times 25.5}{\pi \times 0.6} = 425 \mu\text{F}$$

$$\begin{aligned} i_{\text{dc}}(\text{max}) &= 425 \times 10^{-6} \times 25.5 \times 2\pi \times 200 \times \sin \phi \\ &= 2.95 \text{ A} \end{aligned}$$

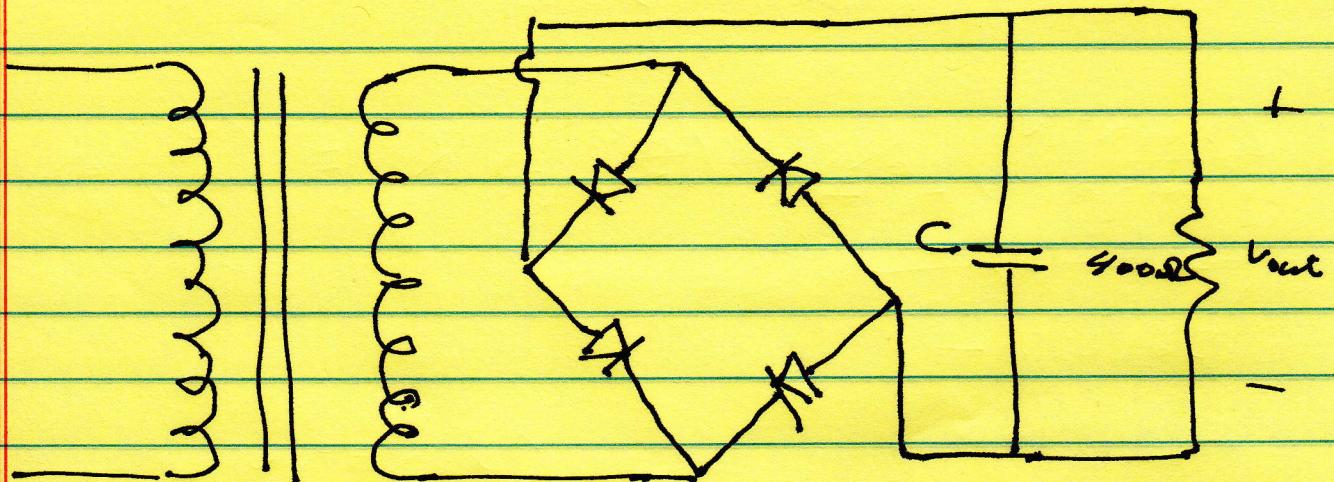
$$\text{d)} \text{Peak reverse voltage} = \underline{36\sqrt{2}} \text{ V}$$

4.6

Full wave 60 Hz 115 V rms

50 mA to 400 Ω → $V_{out} = 20 \text{ V}$

2% ripple → $V_{ripple} = 0.4 \text{ V}$



i: 1

$$N = \frac{115\sqrt{2}}{20} = 8.1$$

$$\frac{V_{ripple}}{V_{max}} = 0.02 = \frac{T}{2\pi C}$$

$$C = \frac{1}{60 \times 2 \times 0.02 \times 400} = 1 \text{ nF}$$

$$\frac{V_{ripple}}{V_{max}} = 0.02 = 1 - \cos \phi \rightarrow \phi = 11.5^\circ$$

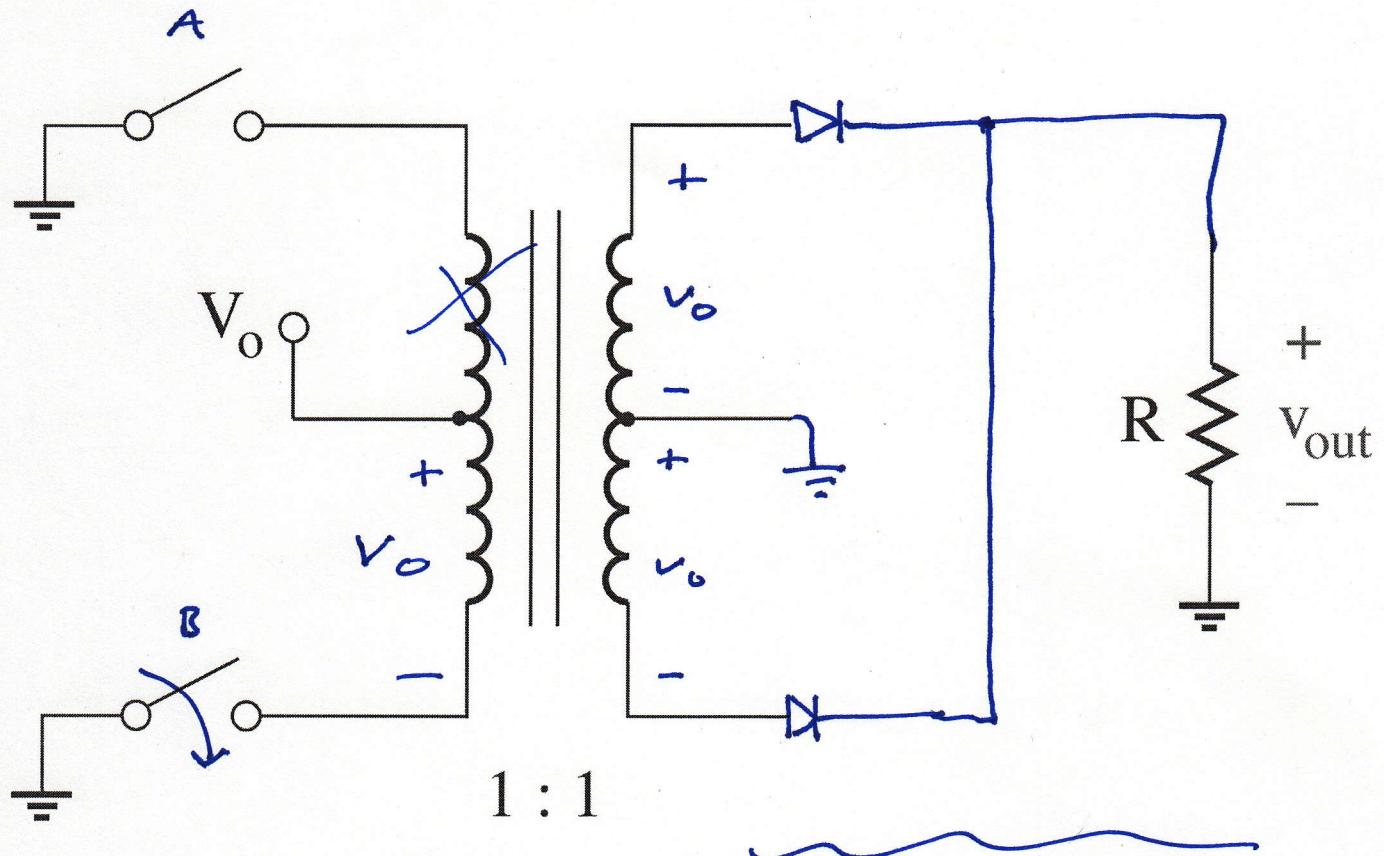
$$diode \text{ current} = \omega C V_{out} \sin \phi$$

$$= 2\pi \times 60 \times 10^{-3} \times 20 \times 0.199$$

$$= 1.5 \text{ A}$$

diode peak reverse voltage = 20 V

4.11 a

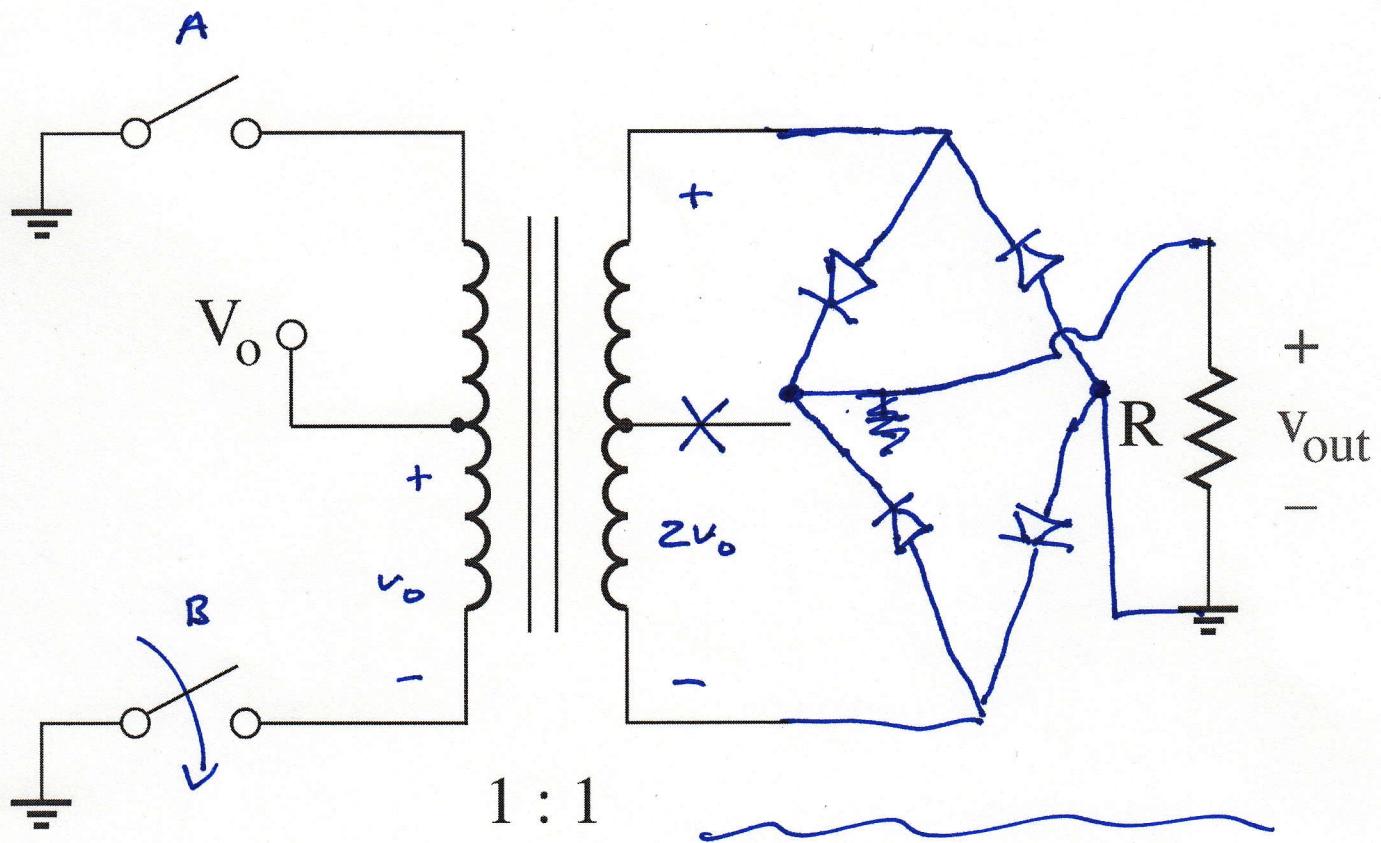


see Fig. 4.4 b
in text.

voltages shown when switch A is closed

$$\rightarrow v_{out \text{ (max)}} = v_o$$

4.11 b



see Fig. 4.4 a
in text

voltage shown when switch b is closed

$$v_{\text{out (max)}} = 2V_0$$

c) voltage doubler for design b.